

Evaluation of Morrison, Milbrandt & Yau, and Thompson microphysics schemes in a suite of high-resolution, idealized supercell simulations

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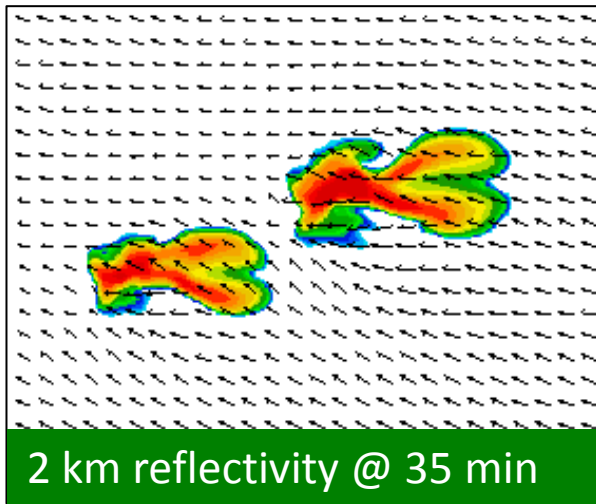
Robert B. Wilhelmson

National Center for Supercomputing Applications

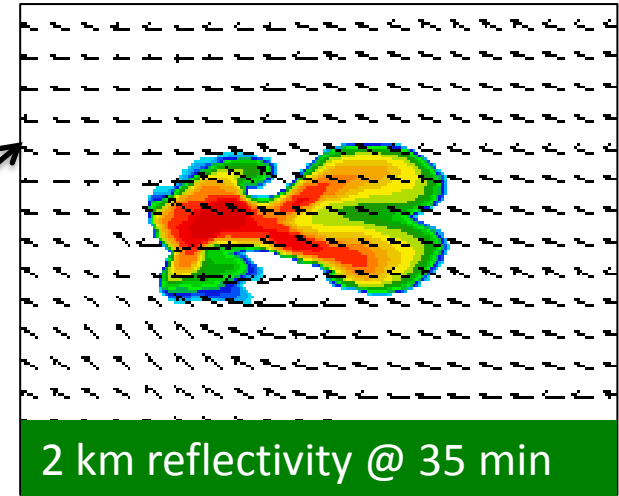
Framework for Microphysics

Evaluation: Cell Interaction Study

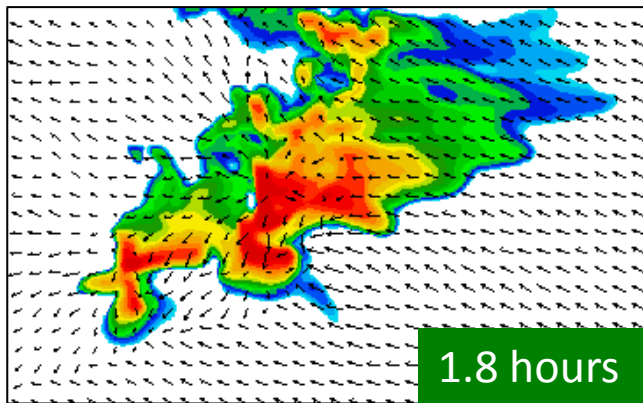
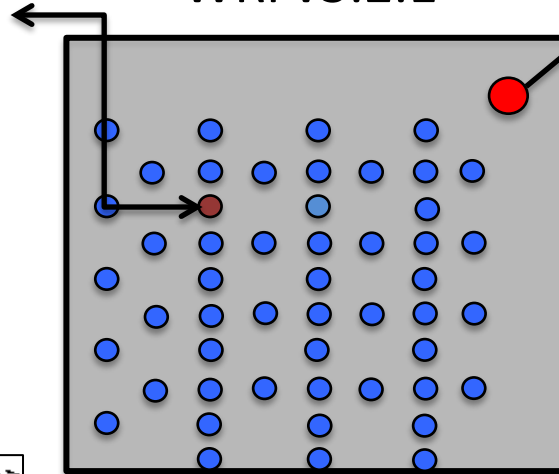
Control cell + second cell



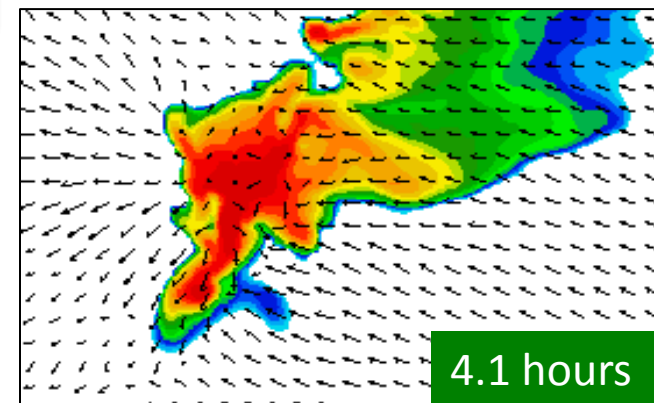
Control – Single cell



WRFv3.2.1



MP: Thompson et al.
2007 (option 98)



Microphysics Schemes

mp_physics	Scheme	Cores	Mass Variables	Number Variables
8	Thompson	ARW/NMM	Qc Qr Qi Qs Qg	Ni Nr
9	Milbrandt-Yau	ARW	Qc Qr Qi Qs Qg Qh	Nc Nr Ni Ns Ng Nh
10	Morrison	ARW (Chem)	Qc Qr Qi Qs Qg/h	Nr Ni Ns Ng/h

Changes made between WRF ARW v3.2.1 and v3.3

Morrison

- * Modified fallspeed below the lowest level of precipitation; prevents potential for spurious accumulation of precipitation during sub-stepping for sedimentation
- * Bug fix to latent heat release due to collisions of cloud ice with rain

Thompson

- * Fixed bug involving the removal of graupel with rain and snow collisions
- * Rain evaporation correction
- * New method to determine graupel Y-intercept parameter

Milbrandt & Yau

- * corrected latent heat constants in thermodynamic functions (ABi and ABw) for sublimation and evaporation
- * properly initialized variables No_g and No_h
- * changed max ice crystal size (fallspeed) to 5 mm (2 m s⁻¹)
- * imposed maximum ice number concentration of 1.e+7 m⁻³
- * removed unused supersaturation reduction

Procedure

7 simulations (single-cell control):

WRFv3.2.1 – Morrison, M-Y, and Thompson

WRFv3.3 – Morrison, Morrison-H, M-Y, and Thompson

Additional simulations (single-cell control):

WRFv3.3 (TKE) – Morrison-H, M-Y, and Thompson

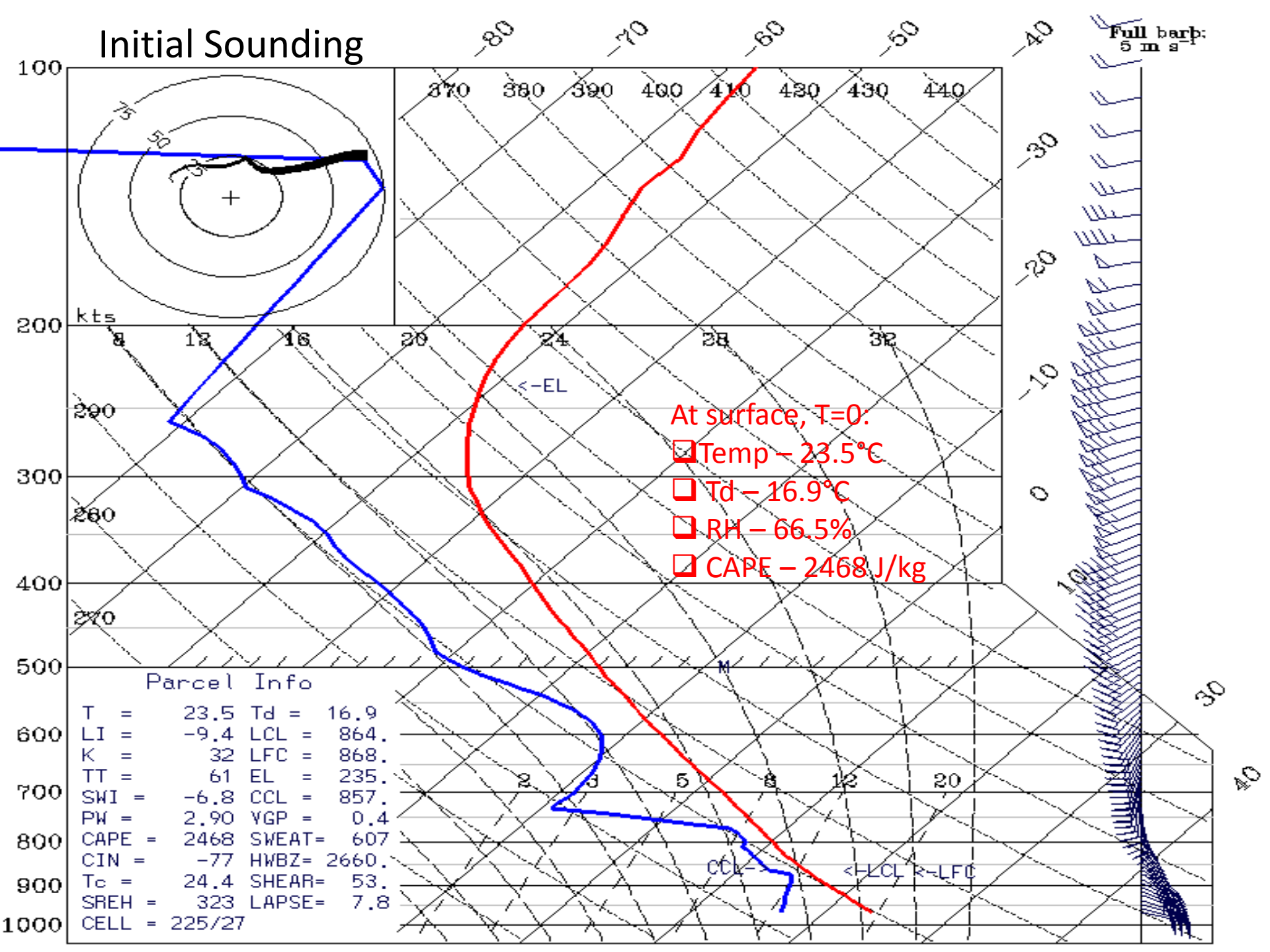
Model Set-up

- o WRF ARW v3.2.1 and WRF ARW v3.3
- o 138x138 km domain
- o $\Delta x = 540$ meters, $\Delta t = 1.5$ s
- o 90 vertical levels
- o First model level @ 46.1 meters, lowest $\Delta z = 92.6$ m
- o 11 levels to between surface and 1 km, 20 levels up to 2 km
- o Free-slip
- o 3-D Smagorinsky diffusion
- o 5-hour simulations of single-cell control
- o Idealized sounding-MM5 simulation of April 19th, 1996 Illinois tornado outbreak

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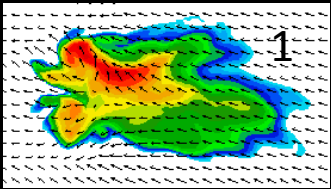
Initial Sounding



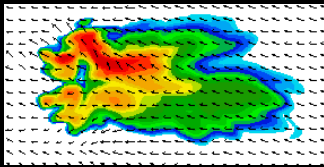


Results

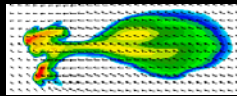
Morrison3.3H



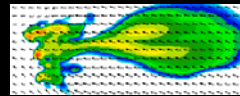
Morrison3.3H_TKE



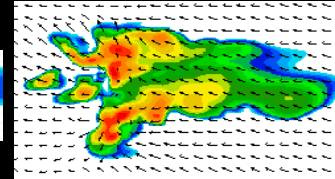
M-Y3.3



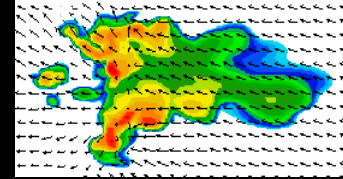
M-Y3.3_TKE



Thompson3.3



Thompson3.3_TK



1

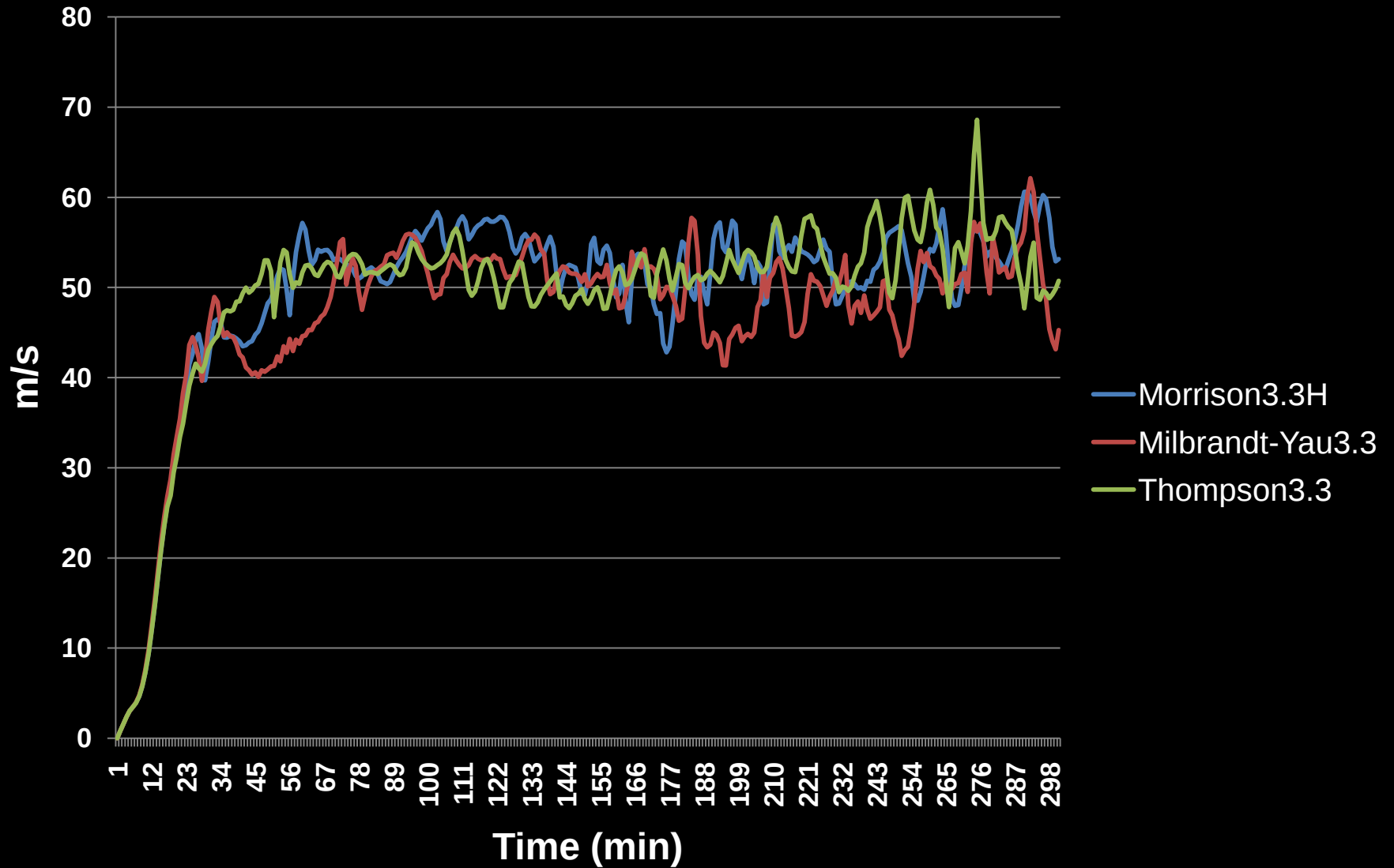
2

3

4

Reflectivity @ 2 km : Hrs 1-4

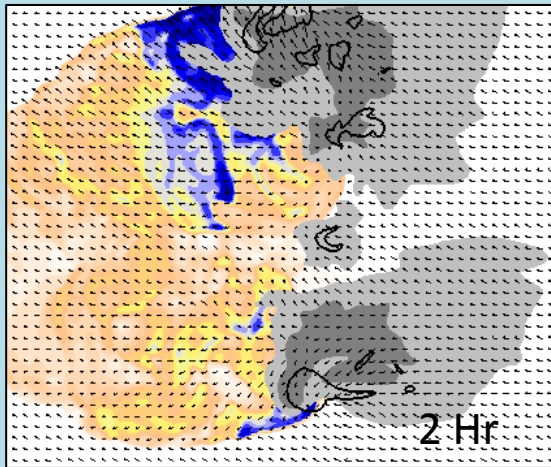
Peak Vertical Velocities



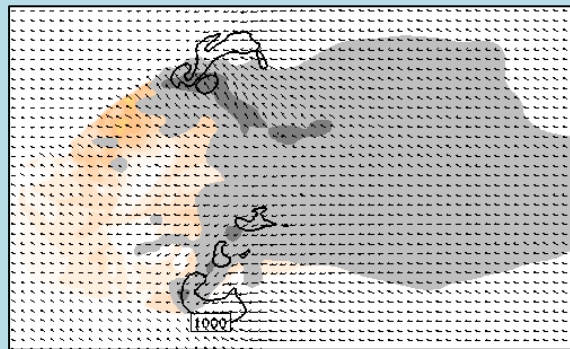
Cold Pool Evolution

Sfc Temp (C) @ 2 and 4.5
Hrs

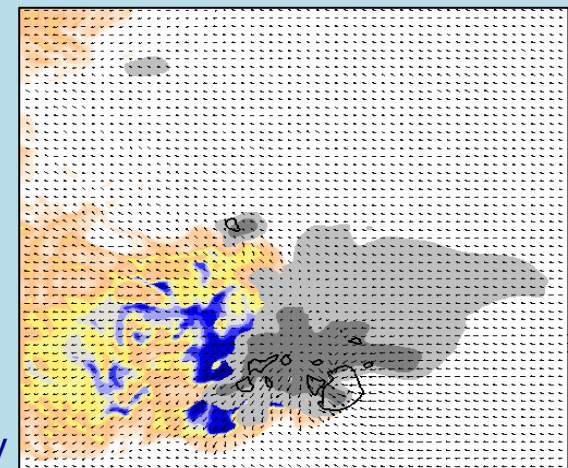
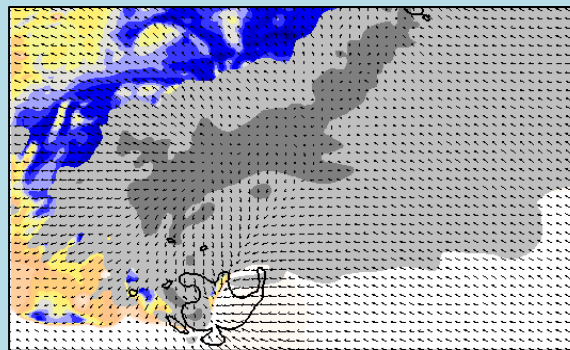
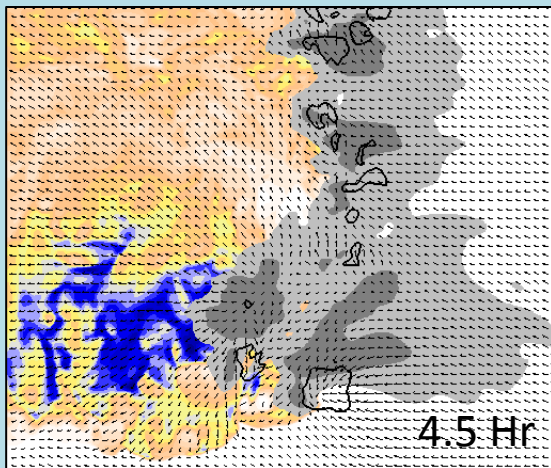
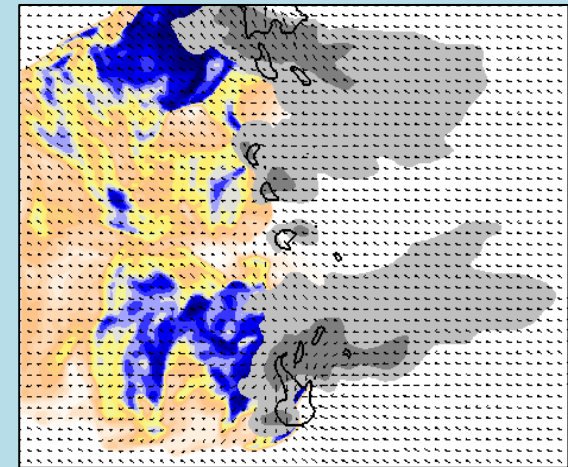
Morrison3.3H



Milbrandt-Yau3.3

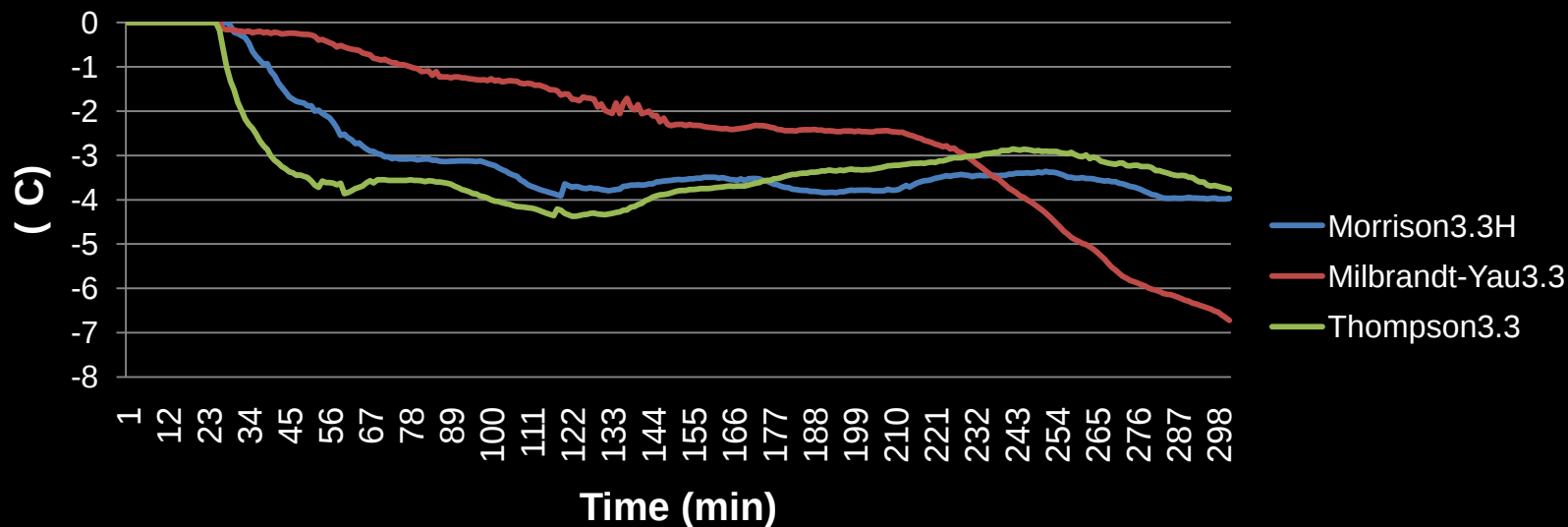


Thompson3.3

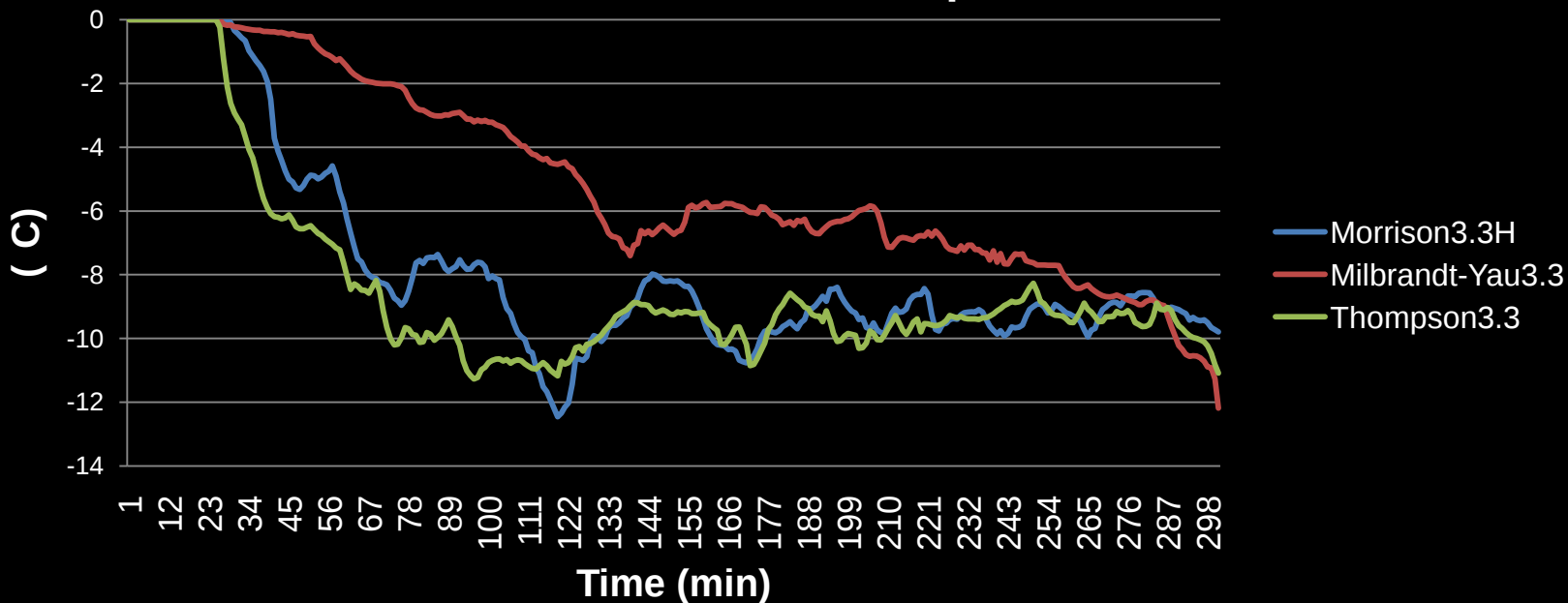


10 and 40 dbz shading; vertical velocity
contours > 10 m/s

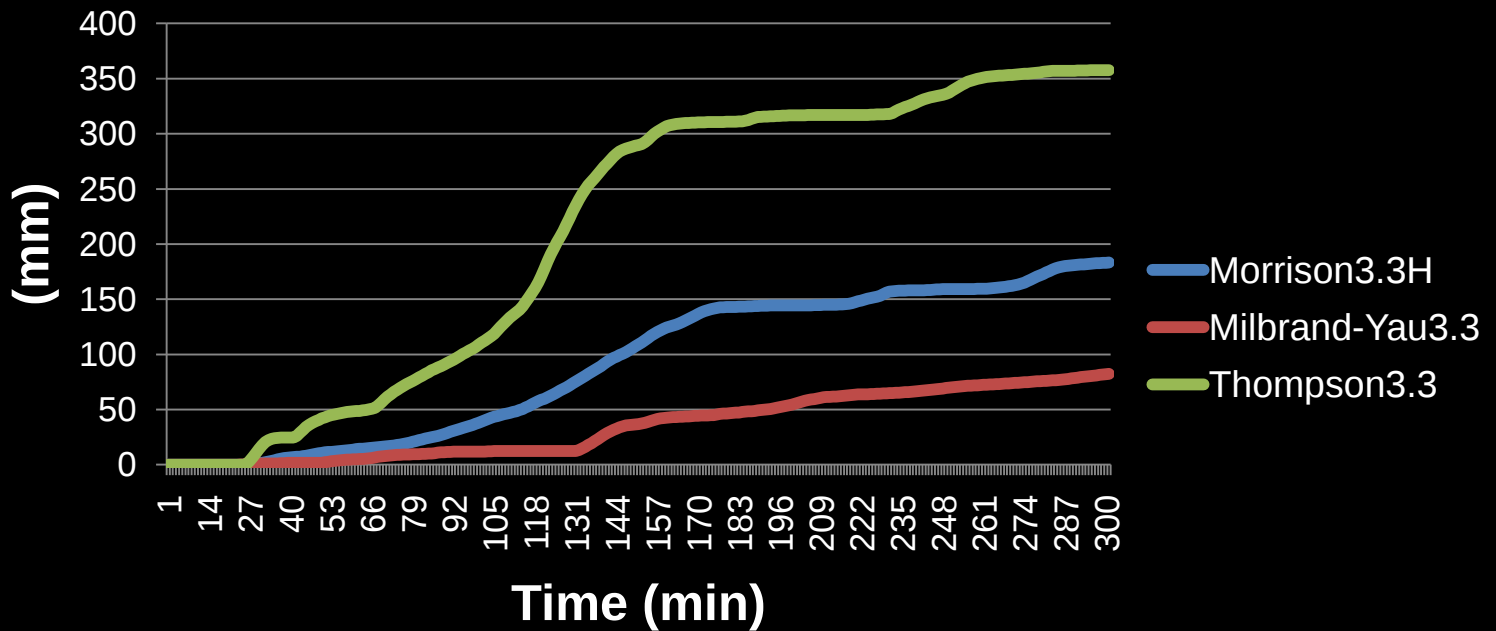
Surface Cold Pool **Average** Temp Perturbation



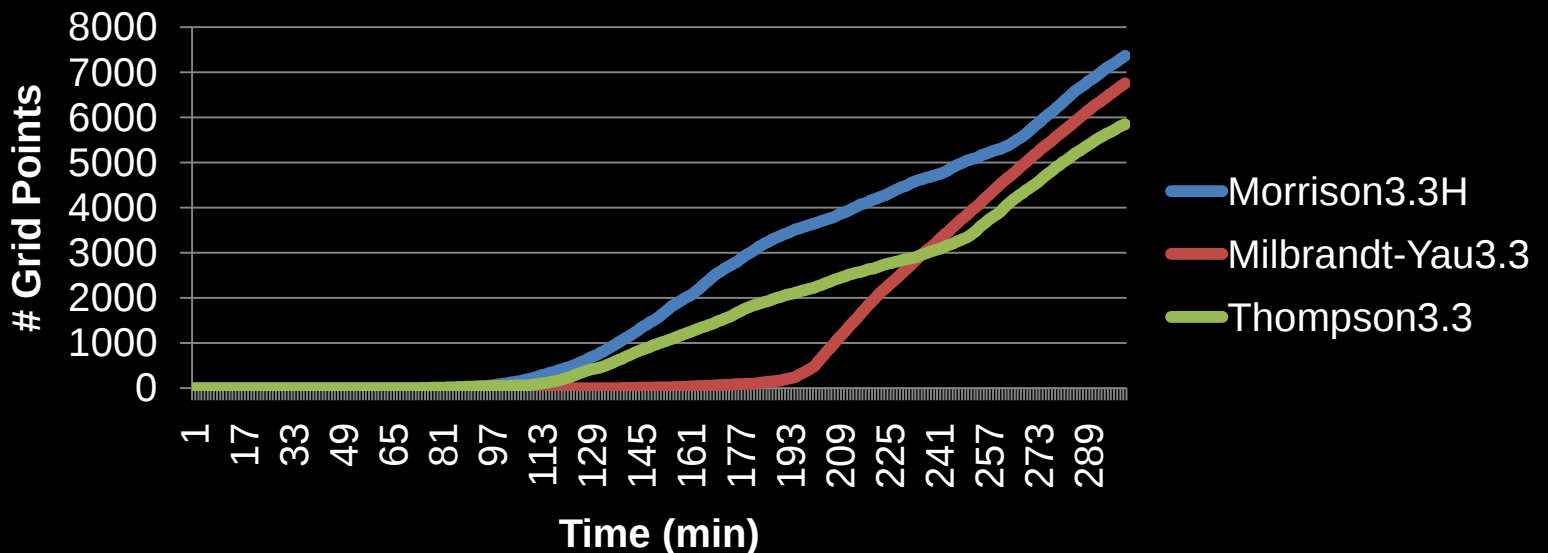
Surface Cold Pool **Minimum** Temp Perturbation



Total Rainfall



Grid Points with Rainfall > 25 mm at Sfc



Dataset: WRF RIP: Storm Interaction

Fcst: 0.00 h

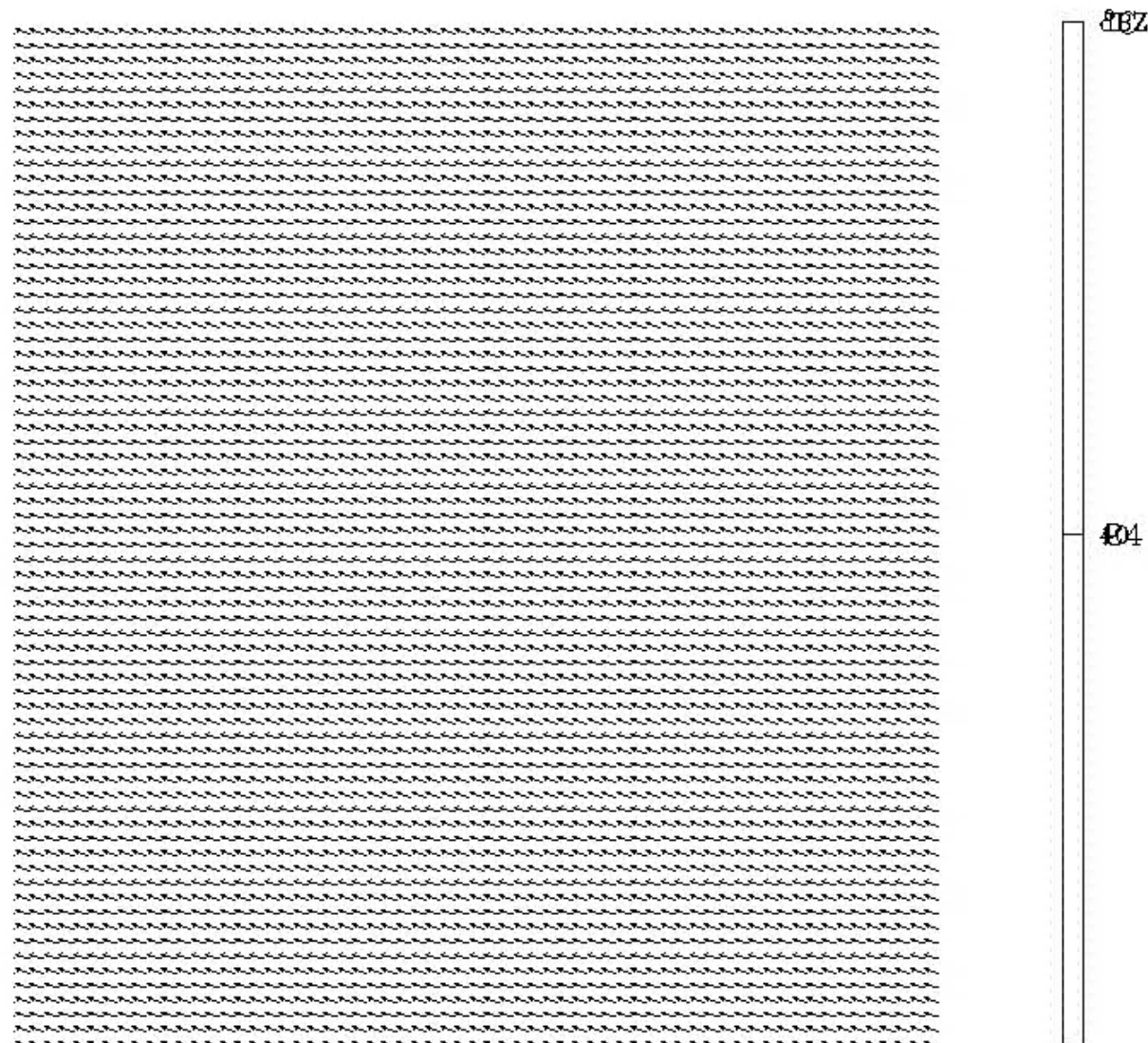
Surface temperature (*C)

Vertical velocity

at height = 6.00 km

Horizontal wind vectors

at height = 0.00 km



MAXIMUM VECTOR: 15.3 m s⁻¹ —
CONTOURS: UNITS=cm s⁻¹ LOW= 1000.0 HIGH= 1000.0 INTERVAL= 1.0000
Model Info: V3.3 No Cu No PBL Thompson No SFC 540 m, 89 levels, 2 sec
LW: none SW: none DIFF: full KM: 3D Smagor

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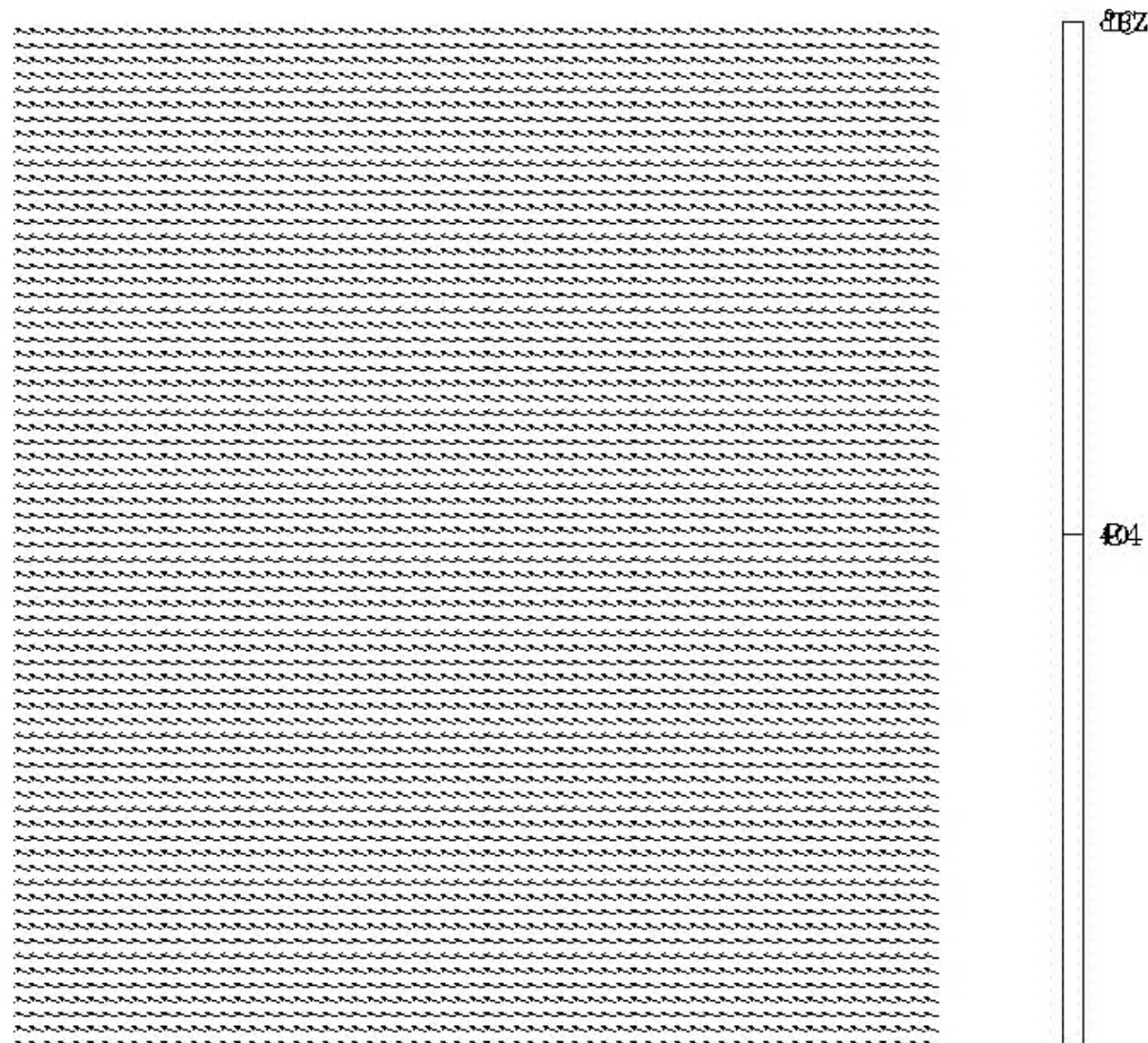
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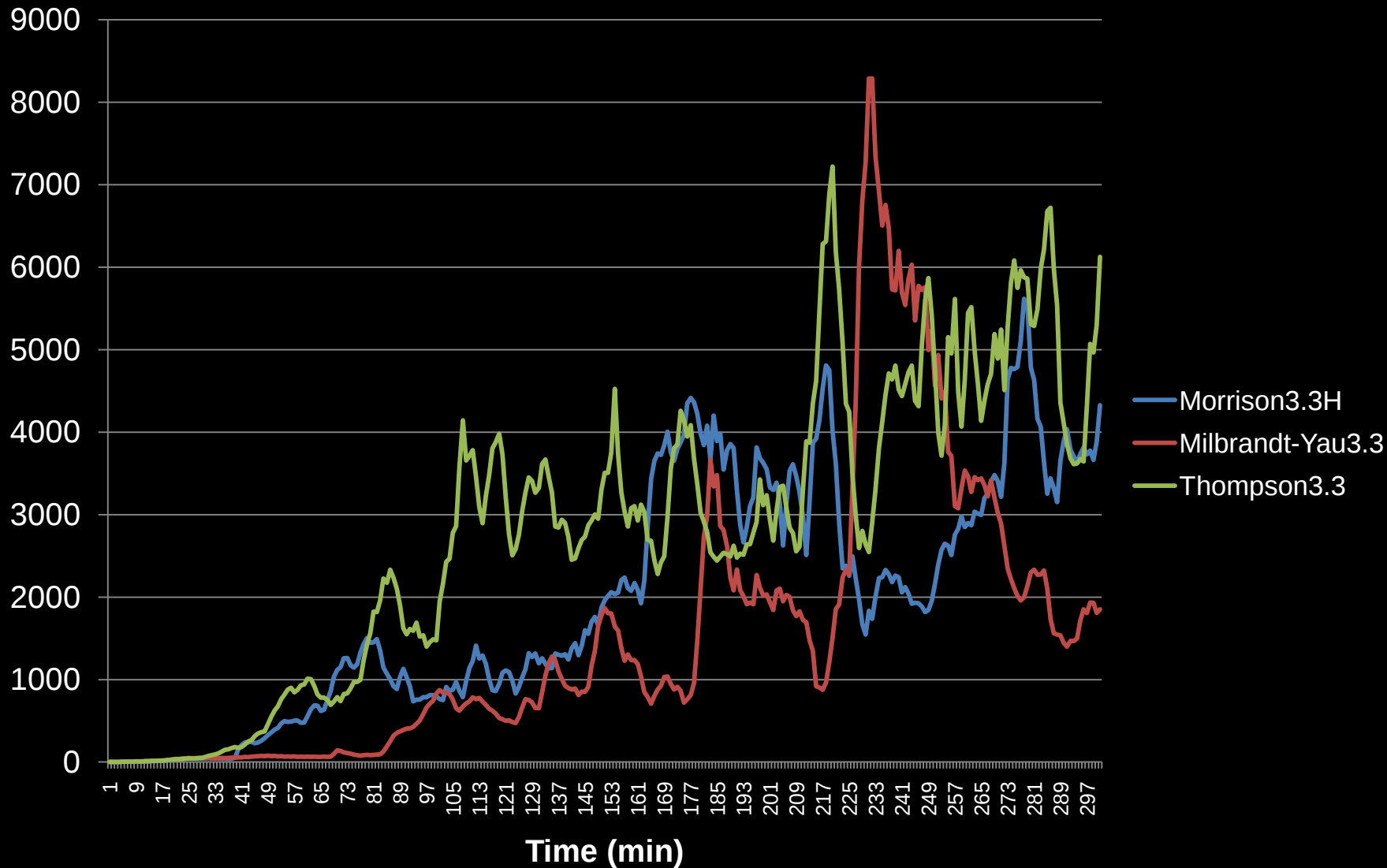


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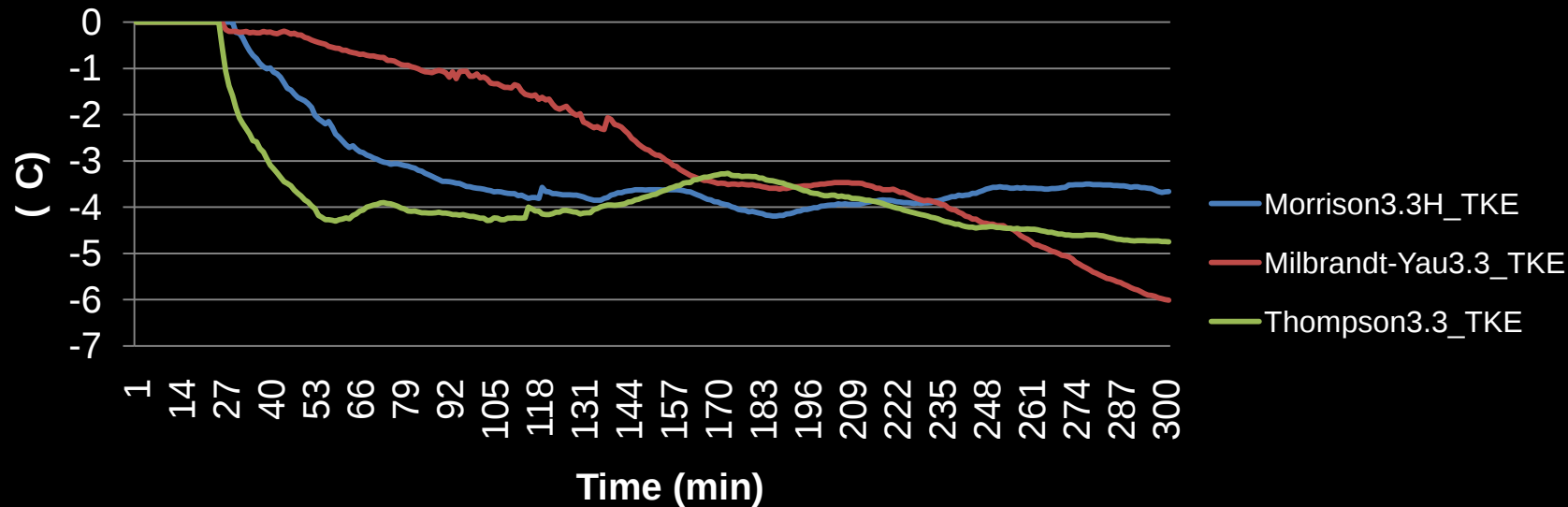
Summary

- Evaluated Morrison3.3H, Milbrandt-Yau3.3, and Thompson3.3 microphysics schemes for high-resolution numerical study of favorable supercell interaction
- MorrisonH3.3 sustains strongest and most long-lived hook echo
- MorrisonH3.3 and Thompson3.3 exhibit cold pools with similar intensity and coverage early on, but MorrisonH3.3 sustains a weak cold pool over a larger area of the domain for the entire simulation
- On average, M-Y3.3 produced the warmest cold pool throughout 4 hrs and 40 min of the simulation, and showed the warmest minimum temperatures
- Cold pool behavior is unsteady and “pulse”-like for all three schemes
- High rainfall totals with Thompson3.3 (~12 inches)
- TKE diffusion option produces more noise than simulations using Smagorinsky 3-D diffusion

Surface Vertical Vorticity ($\times 10^{-5} \text{ s}^{-1}$)



Cold Pool **Average** Temp Perturbation (TKE)



Cold Pool **Minimum** Temp Perturbation (TKE)

